

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	17BP.9.R.27	1	13

**STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS  
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT**

**STRUCTURE  
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION**

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. 17BP.9.R.27 F.A. PROJ. N/A

COUNTY STOKES

PROJECT DESCRIPTION DIVISION 9 EXPRESS DESIGN BUILD  
BRIDGE REPLACEMENT

SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 11 OVER EAST PRONG LITTLE YADKIN  
ON SR-1166 (YMCA CAMP ROAD)

**CONTENTS**

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PERSONNEL  
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INVESTIGATED BY S&ME, INC.

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SUBMITTED BY S&ME, INC.

DATE OCTOBER, 2012

**CAUTION NOTICE**

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF PREPARING THE SCOPE OF WORK TO BE INCLUDED IN THE REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (919) 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

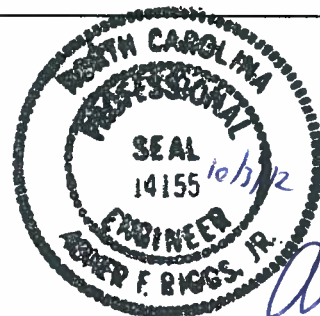
SOIL AND ROCK BOUNDARIES WITHIN A BOREHOLE ARE BASED ON GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION UNLESS ENCOUNTERED IN A SAMPLE. INTERPRETED BOUNDARIES MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA, AND BOREHOLE INFORMATION MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION, AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

DRAWN BY: B. RATTI



*A. F. Riggs, Jr.*

**NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS  
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT  
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS**

SOIL DESCRIPTION										GRADATION									
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T206, ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE: <i>VERY STIFF, GRN. SILTY CLAY, MOST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6</i>										WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.									
<b>SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION</b>										<b>MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION</b>									
GENERAL CLASS. GRANULAR MATERIALS (≤ 35% PASSING #200) SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (> 35% PASSING #200) ORGANIC MATERIALS										MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.									
GROUP CLASS. A-1, A-1-a, A-1-b, A-2, A-2-4, A-2-5, A-2-6, A-2-7, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7, A-7-5, A-7-6, A-7-7, A-1, A-2, A-3, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7										<b>COMPRESSIBILITY</b>									
SYMBOL										SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50									
% PASSING # 10, # 40, # 200										<b>PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL</b>									
LIQUID LIMIT, PLASTIC INDEX, GROUP INDEX										ORGANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SOILS SILT - CLAY SOILS OTHER MATERIAL									
USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR MATERIALS										TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% HIGHLY ORGANIC >10%									
GEN. RATING AS A SUBGRADE										<b>GROUND WATER</b>									
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30										▽ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING ▽ STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS ▽ PW PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA ○ SPRING OR SEEP									
<b>CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS</b>										<b>MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS</b>									
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (IN-VALUE) RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT <sup>2</sup> )										ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION SOIL SYMBOL ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY INFERRED ROCK LINE ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY 25/825 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES									
GENERALLY GRANULAR MATERIAL (NON-COHESIVE) VERY LOOSE, LOOSE, MEDIUM DENSE, DENSE, VERY DENSE										TEST BORING W/ CORE, AUGER BORING, CORE BORING, MONITORING WELL, PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION, SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION, CONE PENETROMETER TEST, SOUNDING ROD									
GENERALLY SILT-CLAY MATERIAL (COHESIVE) VERY SOFT, SOFT, MEDIUM STIFF, STIFF, VERY STIFF, HARD										SPT DMT VST PMT, TEST BORING, AUGER BORING, CORE BORING, MONITORING WELL, PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION, SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION, CONE PENETROMETER TEST, SOUNDING ROD									
<b>TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE</b>										<b>ABBREVIATIONS</b>									
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM) 4, 10, 40, 60, 200, 270										AR - AUGER REFUSAL, BT - BORING TERMINATED, CL - CLAY, CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST, CSE - COARSE, DMT - DILATOMETER TEST, DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, e - VOID RATIO, F - FINE, FOSS. - FOSSILIFEROUS, FRAC. - FRACTURED, FRACTURES, FRAGS. - FRAGMENTS, HL - HIGHLY, MED. - MEDIUM, MICA - MICACEOUS, MOD. - MODERATELY, NP - NON PLASTIC, ORG. - ORGANIC, PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST, SAP. - SAPROLITIC, SD. - SAND, SANDY, SL. - SILT, SILTY, SLI. - SLIGHTLY, TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL, w - MOISTURE CONTENT, V - VERY, VST - VANE SHEAR TEST, WEA. - WEATHERED, UNIT WEIGHT, DRY UNIT WEIGHT									
BOULDER (BLDR.), COBBLE (COB.), GRAVEL (GR.), COARSE SAND (CSE. SD.), FINE SAND (F SD.), SILT (SL.), CLAY (CL.)										SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS: S - BULK, SS - SPLIT SPOON, ST - SHELBY TUBE, RS - ROCK, RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL RATIO, CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO									
GRAIN MM SIZE, IN. SIZE										<b>EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT</b>									
<b>SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS</b>										DRILL UNITS: MOBILE B- BK-51 CME-45C CME-55B PORTABLE HOIST CME-45B									
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS) FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION										ADVANCING TOOLS: CLAY BITS, 6" CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER, 8" HOLLOW AUGERS, HARD FACED FINGER BITS, TUNG.-CARBIDE INSERTS, CASING w/ ADVANCER, TRICONE STEEL TEETH, TRICONE 2-15/16 TUNG.-CARB., CORE BIT, 3 1/4" HOLLOW AUGER									
LL - LIQUID LIMIT, PL - PLASTIC LIMIT, OM - OPTIMUM MOISTURE SHRINKAGE LIMIT										HAMMER TYPE: AUTOMATIC, MANUAL; CORE SIZE: B, NWD4, H; HAND TOOLS: POST HOLE DIGGER, HAND AUGER, SOUNDING ROD, VANE SHEAR TEST									
<b>PLASTICITY</b>										NONPLASTIC, LOW PLASTICITY, MED. PLASTICITY, HIGH PLASTICITY									
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH										DRY STRENGTH: VERY LOW, SLIGHT, MEDIUM, HIGH									
<b>COLOR</b>										DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.									

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**SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS**

**ROCK DESCRIPTION****TERMS AND DEFINITIONS**

HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:

**ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.)** - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.  
**AQUIFER** - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.  
**ARENACEOUS** - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.  
**ARGILLACEOUS** - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.  
**ARTESIAN** - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.  
**CALCAREOUS (CALC.)** - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.  
**COLLUVIUM** - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.  
**CORE RECOVERY (REC)** - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

**DIKE** - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.  
**DIP** - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.  
**DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH)** - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.  
**FAULT** - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.  
**FISSILE** - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.  
**FLOAT** - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.  
**FLOOD PLAIN (FP)** - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.  
**FORMATION (FM)** - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.  
**JOINT** - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.  
**LEDGE** - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.  
**LENS** - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.  
**MOTTLED (MOT.)** - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.  
**PERCHED WATER** - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.  
**RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL** - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.  
**ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD)** - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

**SAPROLITE (SAP.)** - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.  
**SILL** - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.  
**SLICKENSIDE** - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.  
**STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT)** - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.  
**STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC)** - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.  
**STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD)** - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.  
**TOPSOIL (TS)** - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.

**BENCH MARK; 84-001BL-4 NCDOT TRAVERSE STATION REBAR AND CAP**  
**STA 13+60.45 16.94 FT LT -L-**  
**ELEVATION; 933.86 FT.**

**NOTES:**  
**FIAD - FILLED IN AFTER DRILLING**

**BM - BENCH MARK**

**WEATHERING**

<b>FRESH</b>	ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.
<b>VERY SLIGHT (V SL.)</b>	ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.
<b>SLIGHT (SL.)</b>	ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH, OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.
<b>MODERATE (MOD.)</b>	SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS, IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.
<b>MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.)</b>	ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION, ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK, <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL</i>
<b>SEVERE (SEV.)</b>	ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT, SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN, <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES &lt; 100 BPF</i>
<b>VERY SEVERE (V SEV.)</b>	ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING, SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN, <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES &lt; 100 BPF</i>
<b>COMPLETE</b>	ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL, ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS, QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.

**ROCK HARDNESS**

<b>VERY HARD</b>	CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.
<b>HARD</b>	CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.
<b>MODERATELY HARD</b>	CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.
<b>MEDIUM HARD</b>	CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT, CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PIECES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.
<b>SOFT</b>	CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK, CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT, SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.
<b>VERY SOFT</b>	CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE, CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE, CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.

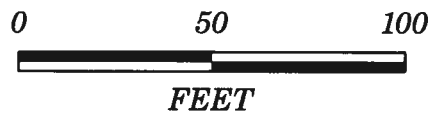
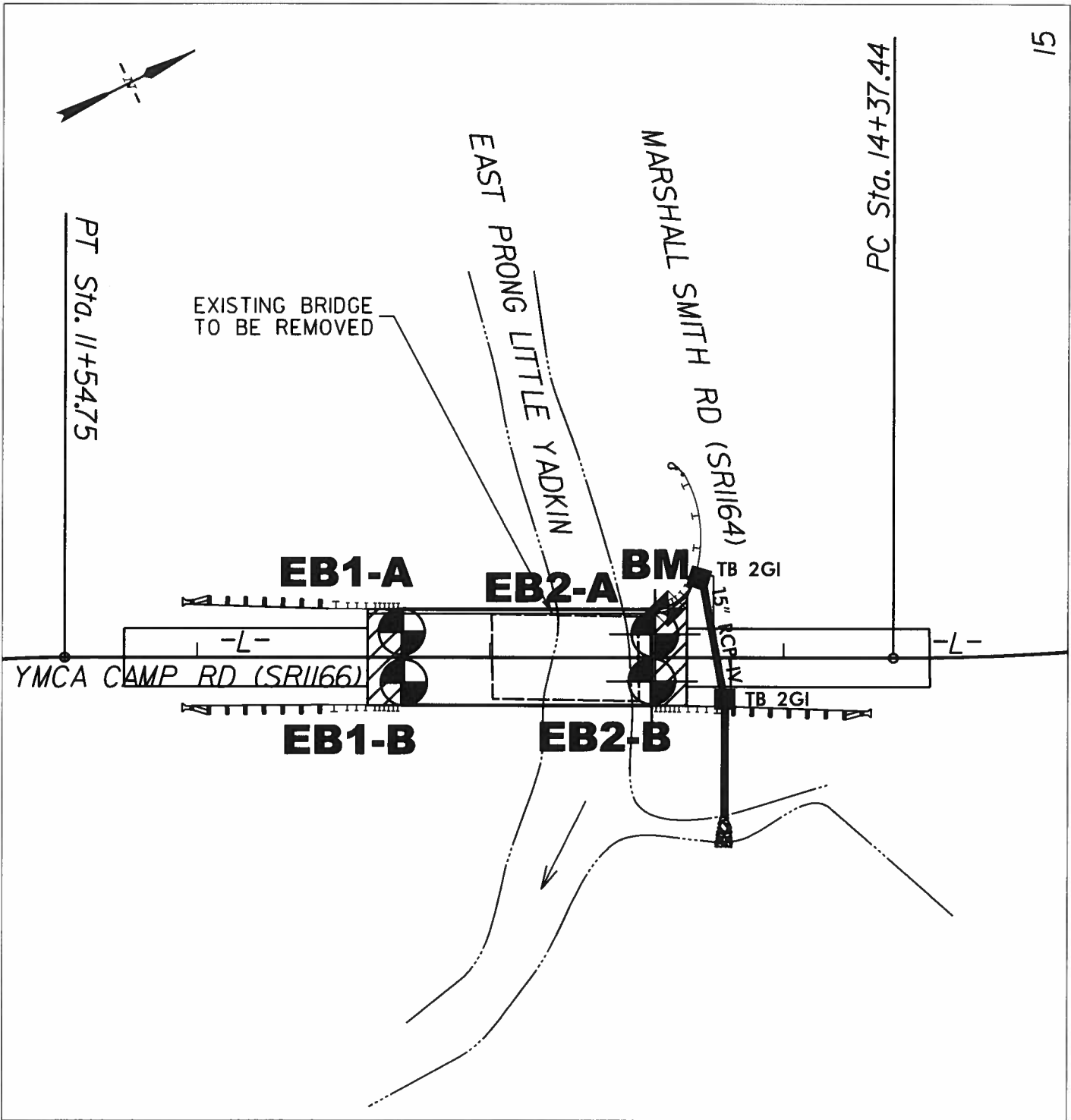
**FRACTURE SPACING****BEDDING**

TERM	SPACING	TERM	THICKNESS
VERY WIDE	MORE THAN 10 FEET	VERY THICKLY BEDDED	> 4 FEET
WIDE	3 TO 10 FEET	THICKLY BEDDED	1.5 - 4 FEET
MODERATELY CLOSE	1 TO 3 FEET	THINLY BEDDED	0.16 - 1.5 FEET
CLOSE	0.16 TO 1 FEET	VERY THINLY BEDDED	0.03 - 0.16 FEET
VERY CLOSE	LESS THAN 0.16 FEET	THICKLY LAMINATED	0.008 - 0.03 FEET
		THINLY LAMINATED	< 0.008 FEET

**INDURATION**

FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.

<b>FRIABLE</b>	RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.
<b>MODERATELY INDURATED</b>	GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.
<b>INDURATED</b>	GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.
<b>EXTREMELY INDURATED</b>	SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.



SKEW ANGLE FOR BENTS 90° TYPICAL

SCALE: 1" = 50'  
 DATE: OCT. 2012  
 DRAWN BY: BTR  
 PROJECT NO: 1051-11-343A

**S&ME**  
 WWW.SMEINC.COM  
 NC ENGINEER LICENSE #F-0176  
 3201 SPRING FOREST RD, RALEIGH, NC 27616

**BORING LOCATION MAP**  
 BRIDGE NO. 11  
 OVER EAST PRONG LITTLE YADKIN  
 STATE PROJ NO. 17BP.9.R.27  
 STOKES COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

FIGURE NO.  
**3**



# NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

## BORELOG REPORT

WBS 17BP.9.R.27	TIP 17BP.9.R.27	COUNTY STOKES	GEOLOGIST Brandsen, J.
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 11 over East Prong Little Yadkin on SR 1136			GROUND WTR (ft)
BORING NO. EB1-A	STATION 12+70	OFFSET 9 ft LT	ALIGNMENT -L-
COLLAR ELEV. 934.5 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 17.1 ft	NORTHING N/A	EASTING N/A
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE SME CME-45B 77% 6/29/2012		DRILL METHOD Wash Boring	HAMMER TYPE Automatic
DRILLER Hardee, S.	START DATE 07/25/12	COMP. DATE 07/25/12	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A

ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG MOI	LOG G	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100						ELEV. (ft)
935																
	933.5	1.0	1	2	3									PAVEMENT	0.0	
														ASPHALT(0.4') CABG STONE(0.4')	0.8	
	931.0	3.5	1	1	2									ALLUVIAL		
930														Brown Fine Sandy SILT with Little Mica		
	928.0	8.5	1	1	2											
925																
	921.0	13.5	3	3	7									RESIDUAL	11.5	
920														Green-Tan Silty Fine SAND		
	917.5	17.0														
		60/0.1												CRYSTALLINE ROCK	17.0	
														Gray- White (Biotite Gneiss)	17.1	

Boring Terminated with Standard Penetration Test Refusal at Elevation 917.4 ft in Crystalline Rock (Biotite Gneiss)

- 1) Advanced 2-15/16" Tricone Bit to 17.0 feet.
- 2) Advanced N Casing to 3.5 feet.
- 3) Creek water used as drilling fluid.
- 4) Some drilling fluid loss observed.
- 5) Approximate drilling fluid density 62.4pcf

NCDOT BORE SINGLE 0848000\_GEO\_BRDGC0011\_GINT.GPJ NC\_DOT.GDT 10/2/12



# NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

## BORELOG REPORT

WBS 17BP.9.R.27	TIP 17BP.9.R.27	COUNTY STOKES	GEOLOGIST Brandsen, J.
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 11 over East Prong Little Yadkin on SR 1136			GROUND WTR (ft)
BORING NO. EB1-B	STATION 12+70	OFFSET 9 ft RT	ALIGNMENT -L-
COLLAR ELEV. 934.4 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 16.9 ft	NORTHING N/A	EASTING N/A
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE SME CME-45B 77% 6/29/2012		DRILL METHOD Wash Boring	HAMMER TYPE Automatic
DRILLER Hardee, S.	START DATE 07/25/12	COMP. DATE 07/25/12	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A

ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100						
935																
	933.4	1.0	3	2	3										PAVEMENT	0.0
															ASPHALT (0.3') CABG STONE (0.4')	0.7
930	930.9	3.5	1	1	2										ALLUVIAL	
															Brown Fine Sandy Silt with Some Mica	
925	925.9	8.5	1	1	1											
920	920.9	13.5	3	28	72/0.1											
	917.5	16.9								100/0.6					CRYSTALLINE ROCK	14.5
															Gray-White (Biotite Gneiss)	16.9
															Boring Terminated with Standard Penetration Test Refusal at Elevation 917.5 ft on Crystalline Rock (Biotite Gneiss)	
															1) Advanced 2-15/16" Tricone Bit to 16.9 feet. 2) Advanced N Casing to 3.5'. 3) Creek water used as drilling fluid. 4) Some drilling fluid loss observed. 5) Approximate drilling fluid density 62.4pcf	



# NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

## BORELOG REPORT

WBS 17BP.9.R.27	TIP 17BP.9.R.27	COUNTY STOKES	GEOLOGIST Brandsen, J.
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 11 over East Prong Little Yadkin on SR 1136			GROUND WTR (ft)
BORING NO. EB2-A	STATION 13+66	OFFSET 9 ft LT	ALIGNMENT -L-
COLLAR ELEV. 934.6 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 34.5 ft	NORTHING N/A	EASTING N/A
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE SME CME-45B 77% 6/29/2012		DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring	HAMMER TYPE Automatic
DRILLER Hardee, S.	START DATE 07/26/12	COMP. DATE 07/26/12	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A

ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100					
935															
	933.6	1.0	12	5	9									PAVEMENT	0.0
	931.1	3.5	1	2	1									ASPHALT(0.4') CABG STONE (0.3')	0.7
930														ALLUVIAL	
	926.1	8.5	1	1	1									Brown Fine Sandy Clayey SILT with Trace of Mica	
925															
	921.1	13.5	25	100/0.4											
920	920.1	14.5	60/0.0											WEATHERED ROCK	14.0
														(Biotite Gneiss)	14.5
915														CRYSTALLINE ROCK	
														Gray-White (Biotite Gneiss)	
910															
905															

Boring Terminated at Elevation 900.1 ft in Crystalline Rock (Biotite Gneiss)

- 1) Advanced 2-15/16" Tricone Bit to 14.5 feet.
- 2) Advanced N Casing to 13.5'.
- 3) Advanced Core Barrel from 14.5 to 34.5'.
- 4) Creek water used as drilling fluid.
- 5) Some drilling fluid loss observed.

NCDOT BORE SINGLE 0848000\_GEO\_BRDG0011\_GINT.GPJ NC\_DOT.GDT 10/3/12



# NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

## CORE BORING REPORT

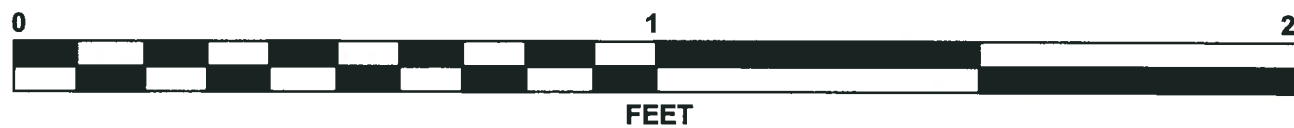
WBS 17BP.9.R.27		TIP 17BP.9.R.27		COUNTY STOKES		GEOLOGIST Brandsen, J.							
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 11 over East Prong Little Yadkin on SR 1136									GROUND WTR (ft)				
BORING NO. EB2-A		STATION 13+66		OFFSET 9 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR. N/A					
COLLAR ELEV. 934.6 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 34.5 ft		NORTHING N/A		EASTING N/A		24 HR. FIAD					
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE SME CME-45B 77% 6/29/2012					DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring			HAMMER TYPE Automatic					
DRILLER Hardee, S.		START DATE 07/26/12		COMP. DATE 07/26/12		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A							
CORE SIZE NWD4 Core Barrel		TOTAL RUN 20.0 ft											
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	RUN		SAMP. NO.	STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	DEPTH (ft)	
					REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %		REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %				
920.1	920.1	14.5	5.0	N=60/0.0 1:08/1.0 1:48/1.0 2:43/1.0 2:25/1.0 2:32/1.0	(4.0) 80%	(3.5) 70%		(19.0) 95%	(16.9) 85%		Begin Coring @ 14.5 ft	14.5	
915	915.1	19.5	5.0	2:27/1.0 2:51/1.0 2:45/1.0 3:27/1.0 3:29/1.0	(5.0) 100%	(3.9) 78%					CRYSTALLINE ROCK Hard Freshly Weathered Gray- White Crystalline Rock (Biotite Gneiss) With Close to Moderately Close Fracture Spacing qu=2585 ksf Axial R1=12, R2=13, R3=20, R4=20, R5=7 RMR=72 Rock Type E		
910	910.1	24.5	5.0	2:19/1.0 2:42/1.0 2:57/1.0 2:43/1.0 2:23/1.0	(5.0) 100%	(4.7) 94%							
905	905.1	29.5	5.0	2:37/1.0 2:26/1.0 2:18/1.0 2:32/1.0 2:38/1.0	(5.0) 100%	(4.8) 96%							
900.1	900.1	34.5	5.0									Boring Terminated at Elevation 900.1 ft in Crystalline Rock (Biotite Gneiss)	34.5
<p style="text-align: center;">1) Advanced 2-15/16" Tricone Bit to 14.5 feet.            2) Advanced N Casing to 13.5'.            3) Advanced Core Barrel from 14.5 to 34.5'.            4) Creek water used as drilling fluid.            5) Some drilling fluid loss observed.</p>													



# CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

**EB2-A**

**BOX 1: 14.5 – 24.5 FEET**



CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

EB2-A

BOXES 2 and 3: 24.5 – 34.5 FEET





# NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

## BORELOG REPORT

WBS 17BP.9.R.27		TIP 17BP.9.R.27		COUNTY STOKES		GEOLOGIST Brandsen, J.										
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 11 over East Prong Little Yadkin on SR 1136							GROUND WTR (ft)									
BORING NO. EB2-B		STATION 13+55		OFFSET 8 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-	0 HR. N/A									
COLLAR ELEV. 934.7 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 20.1 ft		NORTHING N/A		EASTING N/A	24 HR. FIAD									
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE SME CME-45B 77% 6/29/2012				DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring		HAMMER TYPE Automatic										
DRILLER Hardee, S.		START DATE 07/26/12		COMP. DATE 07/26/12		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100						
935															934.7 PAVEMENT 0.0	
	933.7	1.0	6	5	2										933.8 ASPHALT(0.4') CABG STONE(0.5') 0.9	
930	931.2	3.5	1	1	1										ALLUVIAL Brown Fine Sandy Clayey SILT with Trace of Mica	
925	926.2	8.5	2	2	2											
920	921.2	13.5	3	27	73/0.2											
	919.6	15.1	60/0.0							100/0.7					920.2 WEATHERED ROCK (Biotite Gneiss) 14.5	
										60/0.0					919.6 CRYSTALLINE ROCK (Biotite Gneiss) 15.1	
915															914.6 20.1	
															Boring Terminated at Elevation 914.6 ft in Crystalline Rock (Biotite Gneiss) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Advanced 2-15/16" Tricone Bit to feet.</li> <li>2) Advanced N Casing to 15.0'.</li> <li>3) Advanced Core Barrel from 15.1 to 20.1'.</li> <li>4) River water used as drilling fluid.</li> <li>5) Some drilling fluid loss observed.</li> </ol>	

NCDOT BORE SINGLE 0848000\_GEO\_BRDG0011\_GINT.GPJ NC\_DOT.GDT 10/3/12



# NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

## CORE BORING REPORT

WBS 17BP.9.R.27	TIP 17BP.9.R.27	COUNTY STOKES	GEOLOGIST Brandsen, J.
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 11 over East Prong Little Yadkin on SR 1136			GROUND WTR (ft)
BORING NO. EB2-B	STATION 13+55	OFFSET 8 ft RT	ALIGNMENT -L-
COLLAR ELEV. 934.7 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 20.1 ft	NORTHING N/A	EASTING N/A
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE SME CME-45B 77% 6/29/2012		DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring	HAMMER TYPE Automatic

DRILLER Hardee, S.	START DATE 07/26/12	COMP. DATE 07/26/12	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A
CORE SIZE NWD4 Core Barrel		TOTAL RUN 5.0 ft	

ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	RUN		SAMP. NO.	STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	DEPTH (ft)
					REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %		REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %			
919.6		15.1	5.0	N=60/0.0 2:39/1.0 2:17/1.0 2:42/1.0 2:32/1.0 2:48/1.0	(4.3) 86%	(4.0) 80%		(4.3) 86%	(4.0) 80%		Begin Coring @ 15.1 ft <b>CRYSTALLINE ROCK</b> Hard Freshly Weathered Gray- White Crystalline Rock (Biotite Gneiss) With Close to Moderately Close Fracture Spacing 2 Joints at 80° to 90° qu=3262 ksf Axial R1=12, R2=17, R3=20, R4=20, R5=7 RMR=76 Rock Type E Boring Terminated at Elevation 914.6 ft in Crystalline Rock (Biotite Gneiss)	15.1
915	914.6	20.1										20.1

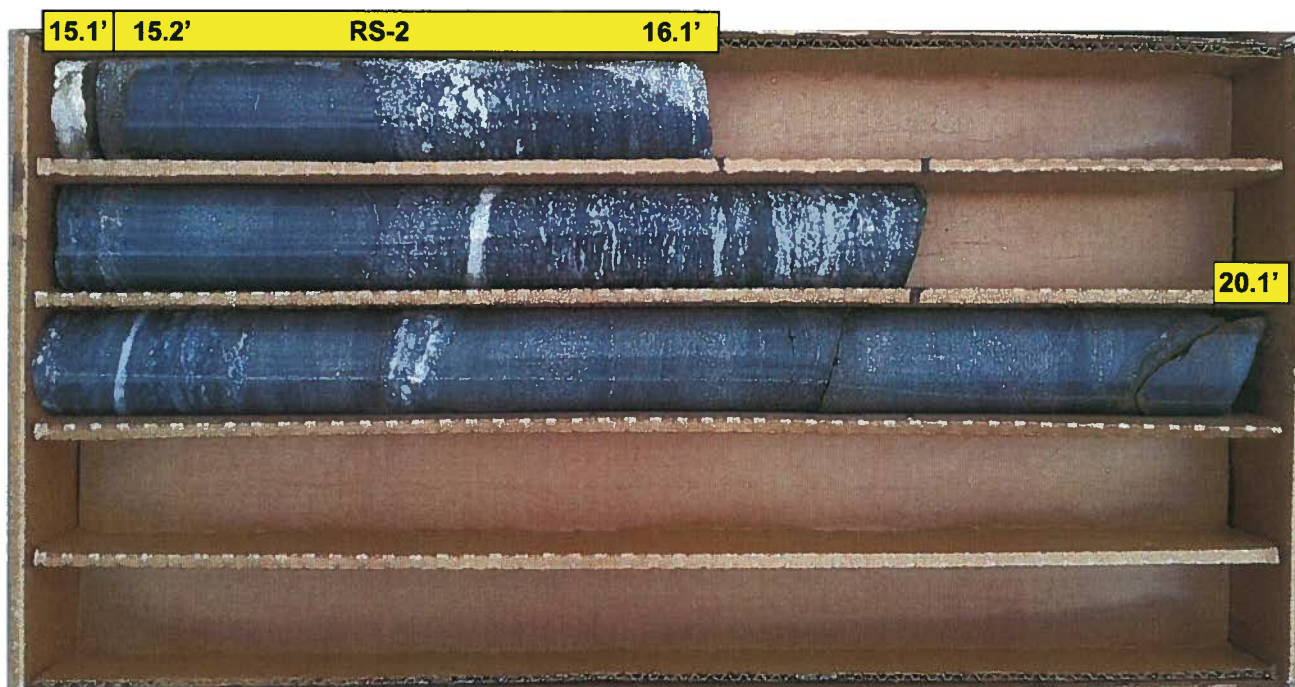
- 1) Advanced 2-15/16" Tricone Bit to feet.
- 2) Advanced N Casing to 15.0'.
- 3) Advanced Core Barrel from 15.1 to 20.1'.
- 4) River water used as drilling fluid.
- 5) Some drilling fluid loss observed.



# CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

**EB2-B**

**BOX 1: 15.1 – 20.1 FEET**



**UNCONFINED COMPRESSION**  
(ASTM D7012 Method C)



S&ME, Inc. - Knoxville 1413 Topside Road, Louisville, TN 37777

Report Date: 9/13/2012

Project #: SF-840011 17BP.9.R.27  
 Project Name: Bridge No.11 over East Prong Little Yadkin on SR-1166 (YMCA Camp Road)  
 County: Stokes  
 S&ME Job No. 1051-11-343A  
 Tested By: Jason Burgess  
 Rock Type: Biotite Gneiss

Sample No.	Boring Location	Depth (ft)	Specimen Dimension, in.		Area (in <sup>2</sup> )	Bulk Density (lb/ft <sup>3</sup> )	Loading Rate (psi/sec)	Max. Load (lb)	Strength (psi)	Moisture (%)
			Length	Diameter						
RS-1	EB2-A	18.8 - 19.5	4.63	2.06	3.33	184.8	66	59,780	17,952	0.1
RS-2	EB2-B	15.2 - 16.1	4.57	2.06	3.33	181.5	73	75,440	22,655	0.1

NOTES: Bulk Density includes any moisture that is within the specimen.

